

#2 Five Hundred Years Since What?

Why Study The Reformation?

- 1. To avoid the errors of the past..."Those who don't learn from history are destined to **REPEAT** it"
- 2. To acquire or deepen a sense of "**ROOTEDNESS**" in our faith
- 3. To be dissuaded from "chronological **SNOBBERY**"
- 4. To be challenged to deeper **<u>DEVOTION</u>** to Christ and His Truth
- 5. To become educated regarding the distinctions between Roman **CATHOLICISM** and Protestantism
- 6. To gain an appreciation for the **HISTORICAL BASIS** for certain modern Protestant church practices

What Exactly Was "The Reformation?"

Distinctives Of The Medieval Roman Catholic Church

The Pope — The Mass — Salvation through faith plus works— Purgatory — Cult of the Saints — "The Treasury of Merits" Indulgences

What Factors and Conditions led to The Reformation?

- A. A **NEW ERA** seemed imminent
- B. The Roman Catholic Church was steadily losing **CREDIBILITY**
 - a. A century-long crisis of authority
 - b. A crisis of respectability
- C. A polarizing Oxford priest named JOHN WYCLIFFE
- D. A Bohemian firebrand named JAN HUS
- E. The rise of the "**HUMANISTS**" and Erasmus' Greek translation of the New Testament
- F. The tech revolution: Gutenberg's **PRINTING PRESS**

What Were The Main Issues Being Contested?

- A. The practice of selling **INDULGENCES**
- B. The supreme authority of the **POPE**
- C. The **MASS** as the re-sacrificing of Christ
- D. The teaching of salvation by faith plus **WORKS**

Who Were The Key Figures In Starting And Spreading The Reformation?

- A. The German monk, Martin Luther (1483-1546)
- B. The French humanist, **JOHN CALVIN** (1509-1564)
- C. The Swiss priest, Ulrich **ZWINGLI** (1484-1531)

What Can Modern-Day Followers Of Jesus Learn From The Reformation?

A CONFIRMATION:

A REBUKE:

AN ENCOURAGEMENT:

A CAUTION:

ANOTHER CAUTION:

A WARNING:

A CAUSE FOR JOY:

A CHALLENGE: